**Fuzzy Art history** has *historically been understood* as the [***academic***](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Academic)***study*** of objects of art in their [historical](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Historical) development and stylistic contexts, i.e. [genre](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Genre),jk,gik,jk,,kjkj [design](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Design), [format](http://en.wiktionary.org/wiki/format), and [style](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Style_(visual_arts)). This includes the "major" arts of painting, sculpture, and architecture as well as the "minor" arts of ceramics, furniture, and other decorative objects.

Fuzzy As a term, ukjryukyukyuart history (also [history of art](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_art)) encompasses several methods of studying the [visual arts](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Visual_arts); in common usage referring to works of art and architecture. Aspects of the discipline overlap. As the art historian [Ernst Gombrich](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ernst_Gombrich) once observed, "the field of art history [is] much like [Caesar](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Julius_Caesar)'s [Gaul](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaul), divided in three parts inhabited by three different, though not necessarily hostile tribes: (i) the [connoisseurs](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Connoisseurship), (ii) the [critics](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Art_criticism), and (iii) the academic art historians".

Fuzzy No historian writing a book about Europe would dare **to miss out** a passage on the ancient Celts. They were a fascinating bunch of people. The **pottery wheel** was one of their **groundbreaking** inventions as well as something which today we could only describe as the prototype of the  **harvester.** A number of artifacts have been **reclaimed**by archaeologists - coins, jewelry, household utensils and weapons – that would easily impress modern artists with their original design and lavish ornamentation.  
Although the Celts never managed to build a unified state, they conquered a number of nations. For all their love of dancing, feasts and storytelling, they were by far one of the most **daring** and fierce races of the ancient world.

Detroit (Michigan, USA) is not a city that people associate with positive attitudes and **cheerful** music. One reason for that is the constantly cloudy weather. Another is the **graceless,** postindustrial architecture of the city. It fact, it was the heavy industry that made Detroit what it is. Henry Ford built his car factory there already in 1903. Today, the headquarters of three major  American car manufacturers, that is Ford Motor Company, General Motors and Chrysler, are also located in Detroit**. Countless** factories, producing chemicals, weapons, steel and machines, did not make the place any more beautiful.